ULTRALOW-NOISE HIGH-PSRR FAST-RF 200-mA LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

FEATURES

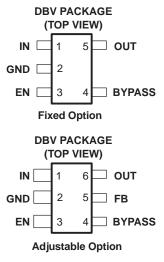
- Qualified For Automotive Applications
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- 200-mA Low-Dropout Regulator With Enable (EN)
- Available in 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 2.8-V, 2.85-V, 3-V, 3.3-V, 4.75-V, and Adjustable Options
- High Power-Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) (70 dB at 10 kHz)
- Ultralow Noise (32 μV)
- Fast Start-Up Time (50 μs)
- Stable With a 2.2-μF Ceramic Capacitor
- Excellent Load/Line Transient
- Very Low Dropout Voltage (112 mV at Full Load, TPS79330)
- 5-Pin SOT23 (DBV) Package

APPLICATIONS

- VCOs
- RF
- Bluetooth™, Wireless LAN

DESCRIPTION

The TPS793xx family of low-dropout (LDO) low-power linear voltage regulators features high power-supply rejection ratio (PSRR), ultralow noise, fast start-up, and excellent line and load transient responses in a small-outline SOT23 package. Each device in the family is stable, with a small 2.2-µF ceramic capacitor on the output. The TPS793xx family uses an advanced, proprietary BiCMOS fabrication process to yield extremely low dropout voltages (e.g., 112 mV at 200 mA, TPS79330). Each device achieves fast start-up times (approximately 50 us with a 0.001-uF bypass capacitor) while consuming very low quiescent current (170 µA typical). Moreover, when the device is placed in standby mode, the supply current is reduced to less than 1 μ A. The TPS79328 exhibits approximately 32 μV_{RMS} of output voltage noise with a 0.1-μF bypass capacitor. Applications with analog components that are noise sensitive, such as portable RF electronics, benefit from the high PSRR and low-noise features as well as the fast response time.

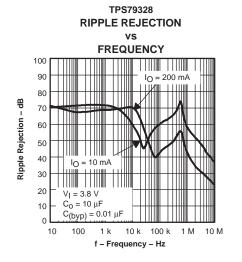


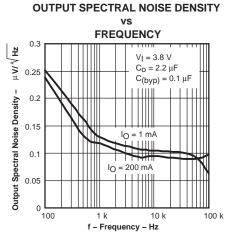


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Bluetooth is a trademark of Bluetooth SIG, Inc.







TPS79328

ORDERING INFORMATION[†]

TJ	VOLTAGE	PACKAGE [‡]	PART NUMBER§	SYMBOL
	1.2 to 5.5 V		TPS79301DBVRQ1	PGV1
	1.8 V	SOT23 (DBV)	TPS79318DBVRQ1	PHH1
	2.5 V		TPS79325DBVRQ1	PGW1
4000 1 40500	2.8 V		TPS79328DBVRQ1¶	PGX1
-40°C to 125°C	2.85 V		TPS793285QDBVRQ1	PHI1
	3 V		TPS79330DBVRQ1¶	PGY1
	3.3 V		TPS793333DBVRQ1	PHU1
	4.75 V		TPS793475DBVRQ1¶	PHJ1

[†] For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.

[‡] Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.

[§] The DBVR indicates tape and reel of 3000 parts.

[¶] Product preview



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Innutualtana nanna (aan Nata d)	0.0.1/4= 0.1/
Input voltage range (see Note 1)	
Voltage range at EN	$-0.3 \text{ V to } (V_1 + 0.3 \text{ V})$
Voltage range on OUT	0.3 V to 6 V
Peak output current	
ESD rating, Human-Body Model (HBM)	2 kV
ESD rating, Charged-Device Model (CDM)	500 V
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating virtual junction temperature range, T _J	–40°C to 150°C
Operating ambient temperature range, T _A	–40°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stq}	–65°C to 150°C
† Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage	e to the device. These are stress ratings only, and
functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "	'recommended operating conditions" is not implied.

Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. (1) All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

BOARD	PACKAGE	$R_{ heta}$ JC	$R_{\theta JA}$	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C	T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	T _A = 70°C POWER RATING	T _A = 85°C POWER RATING
Low K‡	DBV	63.75°C/W	256°C/W	3.906 mW/°C	391 mW	215 mW	156 mW
High K§	DBV	63.75°C/W	178.3°C/W	5.609 mW/°C	561 mW	308 mW	224 mW

The JEDEC low K (1s) board design used to derive this data was a 3-in × 3-in, two-layer board with 2-oz copper traces on top of the board.

[§] The JEDEC high K (2s2p) board design used to derive this data was a 3-in × 3-in, multilayer board with 1-oz internal power and ground planes and 2-oz copper traces on top and bottom of the board.



electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range EN = $V_{I,}$ T_{J} = -40° C to 125°C, V_{I} = $V_{O(typ)}$ + 1 V, I_{O} = 1 mA, C_{O} = 10 μ F, $C_{(byp)}$ = 0.01 μ F (unless otherwise noted)

<u> </u>	O(typ)	<u> </u>	- (byp)	•					
PARAMETER		TEST CON	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT			
V _I Input voltage (see Note 1)				2.7		5.5	V		
IO Continuous output current	(see Note 2)			0		200	mA		
T _J Operating junction tempera	ature			-40		125	°C		
	TPS79301	0 μA < I _O < 200 mA, (see Note 4)	$1.22 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{O}} \le 5.2 \text{ V}$	0.98 V _O		1.02 V _O	ı		
	TPS79318	T _J = 25°C			1.8				
	15379316	0 μA < I _O < 200 mA,	2.8 V < V _I < 5.5 V	1.764		1.836			
	TPS79325	T _J = 25°C			2.5				
	17379323	$0 \mu A < I_O < 200 mA$	$3.5 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{I}} < 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.45		2.55			
	TPS79328	T _J = 25°C			2.8				
Output voltage	17379320	$0 \mu\text{A} < I_{\mbox{O}} < 200 \text{mA},$	$3.8 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{I}} < 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.744		2.856			
Output voltage	TPS793285	T _J = 25°C			2.85		V		
	1F3793263	$0 \mu\text{A} < I_{\text{O}} < 200 \text{mA},$	$3.85 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{I}} < 5.5 \text{ V}$	2.793		2.907			
	TPS79330	T _J = 25°C			3				
	11-379330	$0 \mu\text{A} < I_{\text{O}} < 200 \text{mA},$	4 V < V _I < 5.5 V	2.94		3.06			
	TPS79333	T _J = 25°C			3.3				
	17379333	$0 \mu A \le I_O < 200 \text{ mA},$	$4.3 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{I}} < 5.5 \text{ V}$	3.234		3.366			
	TPS793475	T _J = 25°C			4.75				
		$0 \mu\text{A} < I_{\mbox{O}} < 200 \text{mA},$	$5.25 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{I}} < 5.5 \text{ V}$	4.655		4.845			
Quiescent current (GND current)		$0 \mu\text{A} < I_{\mbox{O}} < 200 \text{mA},$	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		170		μΑ		
Quiescent current (GND current	.,	0 μA < I _O < 200 mA			220	μΛ			
Load regulation		$0 \mu\text{A} < I_{\mbox{O}} < 200 \text{mA},$	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		5		mV		
Output voltage line regulation (Δ	V _O /V _O)	$V_{O} + 1 V < V_{I} \le 5.5 V$,		0.05		%/V			
(see Note 4)		$V_{O} + 1 V < V_{I} \le 5.5 V$				0.12	70/ V		
			$C_{(byp)} = 0.001 \mu F$		55				
Output noise voltage (TPS7932)	8/	BW = 200 Hz to 100 kHz,	$C_{(byp)} = 0.0047 \mu\text{F}$		36		μVRMS		
Output Hoise Voltage (11 37 932)	3)	$I_{O} = 200 \text{ mA}, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$C_{(byp)} = 0.01 \mu F$		33		μνRMS		
			$C_{(byp)} = 0.1 \mu F$		32				
		$R_{I} = 14 \Omega$	$C_{(byp)} = 0.001 \mu\text{F}$		50				
Start-up time (TPS79328)		$C_0 = 14 S2$, $C_0 = 1 \mu F$, $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	$C_{(byp)} = 0.0047 \mu\text{F}$		70		μs		
		ου τμι, τη 20 σ	$C_{(byp)} = 0.01 \mu F$		100		1		
Output current limit		$V_O = 0 V$,	See Note 3	285		600	mA		
Standby current		EN = 0 V, 2.7 V < V _I < 5.5 V		0.07	1	μΑ			
High-level enable input voltage		2.7 V < V _I < 5.5 V	2			V			
Low-level enable input voltage		2.7 V < V _I < 5.5 V			0.7	V			
Input current (EN)		EN = 0	-1		1	μΑ			
Input current (FB) (TPS79301)		FB = 1.8 V			1	μΑ			
				-					

⁽¹⁾ To calculate the minimum input voltage for your maximum output current, use the following formula: $V_I(min) = V_O(max) + V_{DO} (max load)$

(4) If
$$V_O \le 2.5 \text{ V}$$
, then $V_{I(min)} = 2.7 \text{ V}$, $V_{I(max)} = 5.5 \text{ V}$:
Line Regulation (mV) = $(\%/\text{V}) \times \frac{V_O(V_{I(max)} - 2.7 \text{ V})}{100} \times 1000$

If $V_O \ge 2.5 \text{ V}$, then $V_{I(min)} = V_O + 1 \text{ V}$, $V_{I(max)} = 5.5 \text{ V}$.

⁽²⁾ Continuous output current and operating junction temperature are limited by internal protection circuitry, but it is not recommended that the device operate under conditions beyond those specified in this table for extended periods of time.

⁽³⁾ The minimum IN operating voltage is 2.7 V or $V_{O(typ)}$ + 1 V, whichever is greater. The maximum IN voltage is 5.5 V. The maximum output current is 200 mA.



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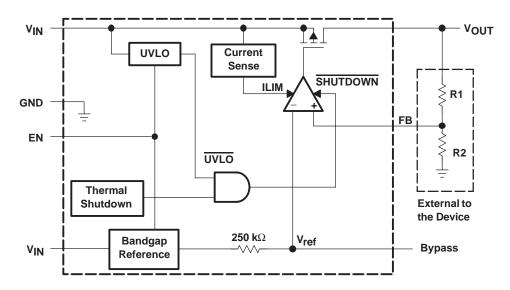
electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range EN = V_I , $T_J = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 125°C, $V_I = V_{O(typ)} + 1$ V, $I_O = 1$ mA, $C_O = 10~\mu\text{F}$, $C_{(byp)} = 0.01~\mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise noted) (continued)

PARAMETER		TEST CO	NDITIONS	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT	
		f = 100 Hz, T _J = 25°C,	$z, T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$				
Power-supply ripple rejection	TPS79328	f = 100 Hz, T _J = 25°C,	I _O = 200 mA	68		dB	
1 Ower-supply hpple rejection	11 379320	f = 10 kHz, T _J = 25°C,	I _O = 200 mA	70		uБ	
		f = 100 kHz, T _J = 25°C,	I _O = 200 mA	43			
	TPS79328	I _O = 200 mA,	T _J = 25°C	120			
	175/9326	I _O = 200 mA			200		
	TPS793285	I _O = 200 mA,	T _J = 25°C	120			
		I _O = 200 mA			200		
Dranaut valtage (see Note 1)	TPS79330	I _O = 200 mA,	T _J = 25°C	112		\/	
Dropout voltage (see Note 1)		I _O = 200 mA			200	mV	
	TPS79333	I _O = 200 mA,	T _J = 25°C	102			
	1173/9333	I _O = 200 mA			180		
	TPS793475	I _O = 200 mA,	T _J = 25°C	77			
17578		I _O = 200 mA			125		
UVLO threshold		V _{CC} rising		2.25	2.65	V	
UVLO hysteresis		T _J = 25°C,	V _{CC} rising	100		mV	

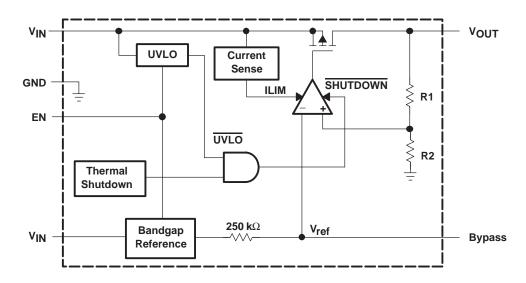
⁽¹⁾ IN voltage equals $V_{O(typ)}$ – 100 mV. The TPS79325 dropout voltage is limited by the input voltage range limitations.



FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM—ADJUSTABLE VERSION



FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM—FIXED VERSION

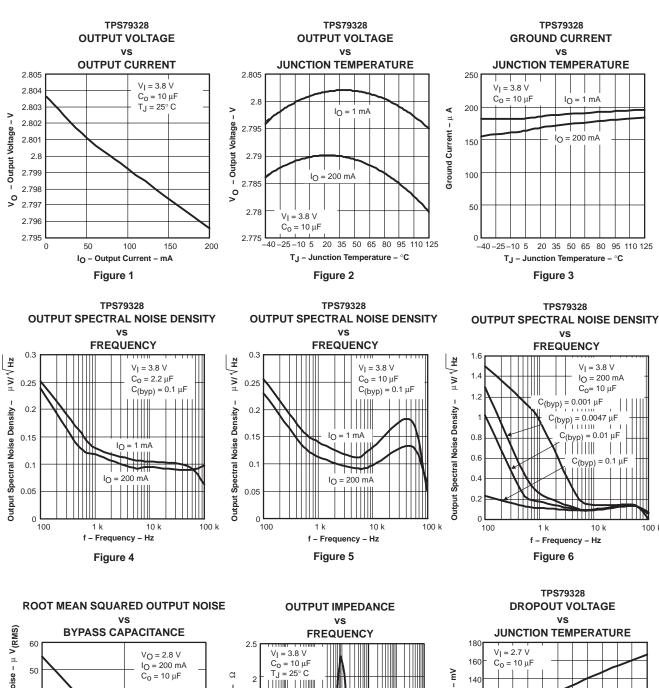


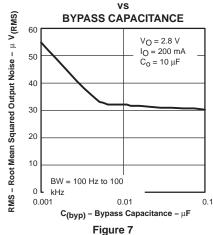
Terminal Functions

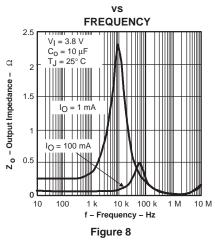
TE	RMINAL		1/0					
NAME	NAME NO. I/O ADJ FIXED I/O		1/0	DESCRIPTION				
NAME			I/O					
BYPASS	4	4		An external bypass capacitor connected to this terminal, in conjunction with an internal resistor, creates a low-pass filter to further reduce regulator noise.				
EN	3	3	I	EN is an input that enables or shuts down the device. When EN goes to a logic high, the device will be enabled. When the device goes to a logic low, the device is in shutdown mode.				
FB	5	N/A	I	Feedback input voltage for the adjustable device.				
GND	2	2		Regulator ground				
IN	1	1	I	Input to the device.				
OUT	6	5	0	Regulated output of the device.				

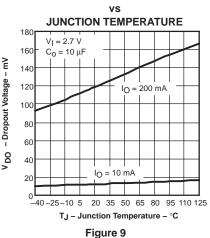


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

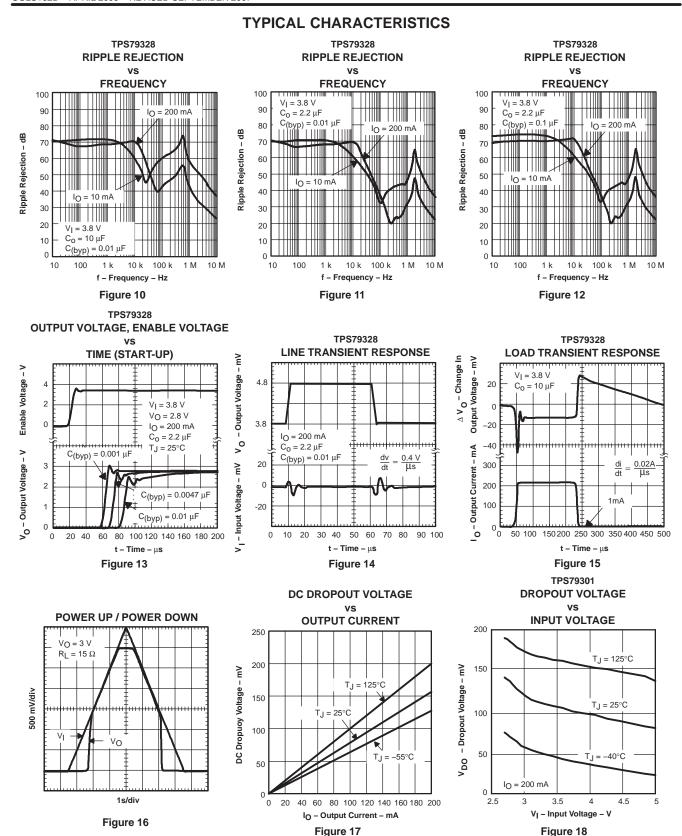














TYPICAL REGIONS OF STABILITY

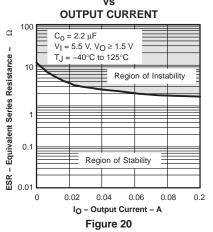


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

MINIMUM REQUIRED INPUT VOLTAGE

OUTPUT VOLTAGE V - Minimum Required Input Voltage - V $I_0 = 200 \text{ mA}$ T_J = 125°C $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ 2.8 1.5 1.75 2.25 2.5 2.75 3 3.25 3.5 2 VO - Output Voltage - V Figure 19

TYPICAL REGIONS OF STABILITY EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE (ESR) EQUIVALENT SERIES RESISTANCE (ESR)



OUTPUT CURRENT C $C_0 = 10 \mu F$ $V_{I} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ $T_{J} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } 125^{\circ}\text{C}$ Equivalent Series Resistance Region of Instability Region of Stability ESR 0.01 0 0.02 0.04 0.06 IO - Output Current - A

Figure 21



APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TPS793xx family of low-dropout (LDO) regulators has been optimized for use in noise-sensitive battery-operated equipment. The device features low dropout voltages, high PSRR, ultralow output noise, low quiescent current (170 μ A typical), and enable input to reduce supply currents to less than 1 μ A when the regulator is turned off.

A typical application circuit is shown in Figure 22.

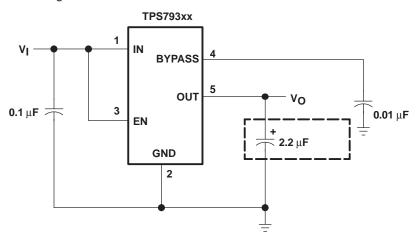


Figure 22. Typical Application Circuit

EXTERNAL CAPACITOR REQUIREMENTS

A 0.1-μF or larger ceramic input bypass capacitor, connected between IN and GND and located close to the TPS793xx, is required for stability and improves transient response, noise rejection, and ripple rejection. A higher-value electrolytic input capacitor may be necessary if large, fast rise time, load transients are anticipated and the device is located several inches from the power source.

Like all low dropout regulators, the TPS793xx requires an output capacitor connected between OUT and GND to stabilize the internal control loop. The minimum recommended capacitance is 2.2 μ F. Any 2.2- μ F or larger ceramic capacitor is suitable, provided the capacitance does not vary significantly over temperature.

The internal voltage reference is a key source of noise in an LDO regulator. The TPS793xx has a BYPASS pin that is connected to the voltage reference through a 250-k Ω internal resistor. The 250-k Ω internal resistor, in conjunction with an external bypass capacitor connected to the BYPASS pin, creates a low-pass filter to reduce the voltage reference noise and, therefore, the noise at the regulator output. In order for the regulator to operate properly, the current flow out of the BYPASS pin must be at a minimum, because any leakage current creates an IR drop across the internal resistor, thus creating an output error. Therefore, the bypass capacitor must have minimal leakage current.

For example, the TPS79328 exhibits only 32 μ V_{RMS} of output voltage noise using a 0.1- μ F ceramic bypass capacitor and a 2.2- μ F ceramic output capacitor. Note that the output starts up slower as the bypass capacitance increases due to the RC time constant at BYPASS that is created by the internal 250-k Ω resistor and external capacitor.

BOARD LAYOUT RECOMMENDATION TO IMPROVE PSRR AND NOISE PERFORMANCE

To improve ac measurements such as PSRR, output noise, and transient response, it is recommended that the board be designed with separate ground planes for V_{IN} and V_{OUT} , with each ground plane connected only at the GND pin of the device. In addition, the ground connection for the bypass capacitor should connect directly to the GND pin of the device.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

POWER DISSIPATION AND JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Specified regulator operation is assured to a junction temperature of 125° C; the maximum junction temperature should be restricted to 125° C under normal operating conditions. This restriction limits the power dissipation the regulator can handle in any given application. To ensure the junction temperature is within acceptable limits, calculate the maximum allowable dissipation, $P_{D(max)}$, and the actual dissipation, P_{D} , which must be less than or equal to $P_{D(max)}$.

The maximum power dissipation limit is determined using the following equation:

$$P_{D(max)} = \frac{T_{J}^{max} - T_{A}}{R_{A,IA}}$$
 (1)

Where:

T_{.I}max = Maximum allowable junction temperature

 $R_{\theta,JA}$ = Thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient, for the package (see the dissipation rating table)

 T_A = Ambient temperature.

The regulator dissipation is calculated using:

$$P_{D} = (V_{I} - V_{O}) \times I_{O}$$
 (2)

Power dissipation resulting from quiescent current is negligible. Excessive power dissipation triggers the thermal protection circuit.

PROGRAMMING THE TPS79301 ADJUSTABLE LDO REGULATOR

The output voltage of the TPS79301 adjustable regulator is programmed using an external resistor divider as shown in Figure 23. The output voltage is calculated using:

$$V_{O} = V_{ref} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right) \tag{3}$$

Where:

V_{ref} = 1.2246 V typ (internal reference voltage)

Resistors R1 and R2 should be chosen for approximately 50- μ A divider current. Lower-value resistors can be used for improved noise performance, but the solution consumes more power. Higher resistor values should be avoided, as leakage current into/out of FB across R1/R2 creates an offset voltage that artificially increases/decreases the feedback voltage and, thus, erroneously decreases/increases V_0 . The recommended design procedure is to choose R2 = 30.1 μ C to set the divider current at 50 μ C, C1 = 15 pF for stability, and then calculate R1 using:

$$R1 = \left(\frac{V_{O}}{V_{ref}} - 1\right) \times R2 \tag{4}$$

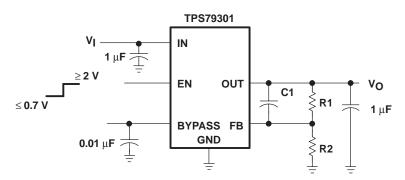
In order to improve the stability of the adjustable version, it is suggested that a small compensation capacitor be placed between OUT and FB. For voltages <1.8 V, the value of this capacitor should be 100 pF. For voltages >1.8 V, the approximate value of this capacitor can be calculated as:

C1 =
$$\frac{(3 \times 10^{-7}) \times (R1 + R2)}{(R1 \times R2)}$$
 (5)

The suggested value of this capacitor for several resistor ratios is shown in Figure 23. If this capacitor is not used (such as in a unity-gain configuration) or if an output voltage <1.8 V is chosen, the minimum recommended output capacitor is $4.7 \, \mu F$ instead of $2.2 \, \mu F$.



APPLICATION INFORMATION



OUTPUT VOLTAGE PROGRAMMING GUIDE

OUTPUT VOLTAGE	R1	R2	C1	
2.5 V	31.6 kΩ	30.1 kΩ	22 pF	
3.3 V	51 kΩ	30.1 kΩ	15 pF	
3.6 V	59 kΩ	30.1 kΩ	15 pF	

Figure 23. TPS79301 Adjustable LDO Regulator Programming

REGULATOR PROTECTION

The TPS793xx PMOS-pass transistor has a built-in back diode that conducts reverse current when the input voltage drops below the output voltage (e.g., during power down). Current is conducted from the output to the input and is not internally limited. If extended reverse voltage operation is anticipated, external limiting might be appropriate.

The TPS793xx features internal current limiting and thermal protection. During normal operation, the TPS793xx limits output current to approximately 400 mA. When current limiting engages, the output voltage scales back linearly until the overcurrent condition ends. While current limiting is designed to prevent gross device failure, care should be taken not to exceed the power dissipation ratings of the package or the absolute maximum voltage ratings of the device. If the temperature of the device exceeds approximately 165°C, thermal-protection circuitry shuts it down. Once the device has cooled down to below approximately 140°C, regulator operation resumes.

PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM



ti.com 18-Sep-2008

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
TPS79301DBVRG4Q1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS79301DBVRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS79318DBVRG4Q1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS79318DBVRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS79325DBVRG4Q1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS79325DBVRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS793285QDBVRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS79333DBVRG4Q1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS79333DBVRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM
TPS793475DBVRG4Q1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS793475DBVRQ1	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	TBD	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-220C-UNLIM

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TPS79301-Q1, TPS79318-Q1, TPS79325-Q1, TPS793285-Q1, TPS79333-Q1, TPS793475-Q1:

• Catalog: TPS79301, TPS79318, TPS79325, TPS793285, TPS79333, TPS793475



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

18-Sep-2008

• Enhanced Product: TPS79301-EP, TPS79318-EP, TPS79325-EP, TPS79333-EP, TPS793475-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog TI's standard catalog product
 Enhanced Product Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications

DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AA.



DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

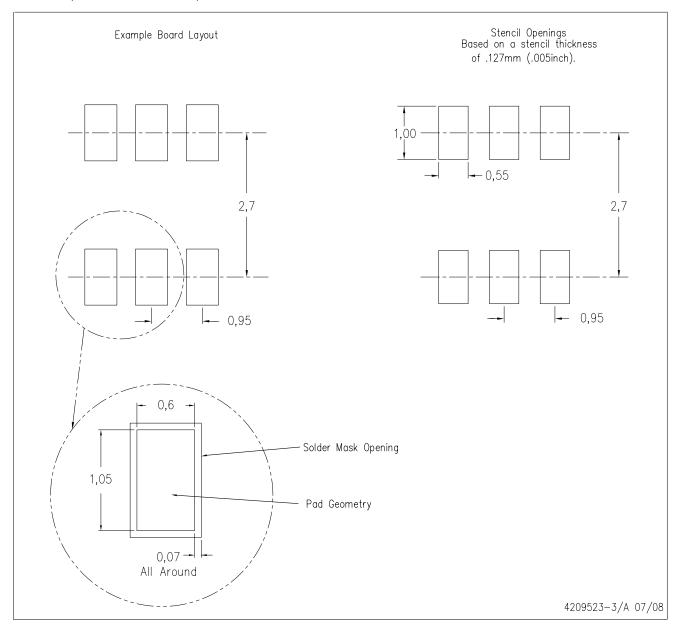
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
- D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.



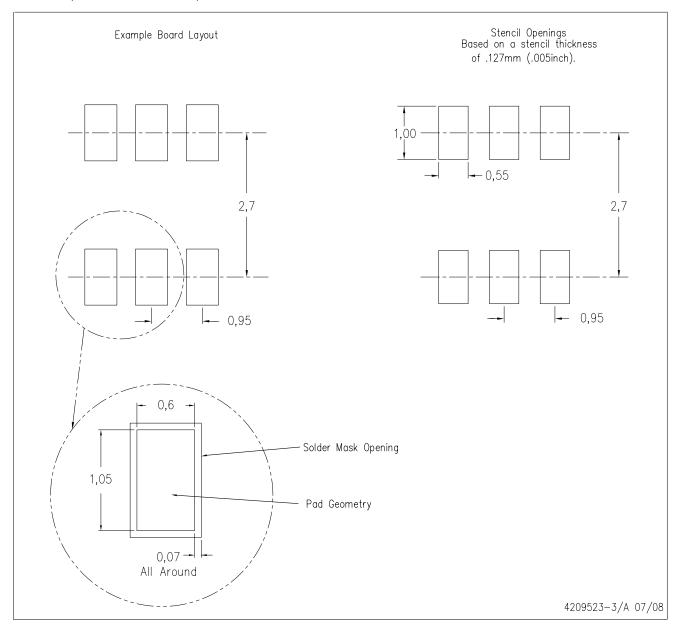
DBV (R-PDSO-G6)



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



DBV (R-PDSO-G6)



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
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